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Initial Findings From the First Cold In-situ Recycling Trial in Latvia

Jānis Baumanis

Research Management and Development Department

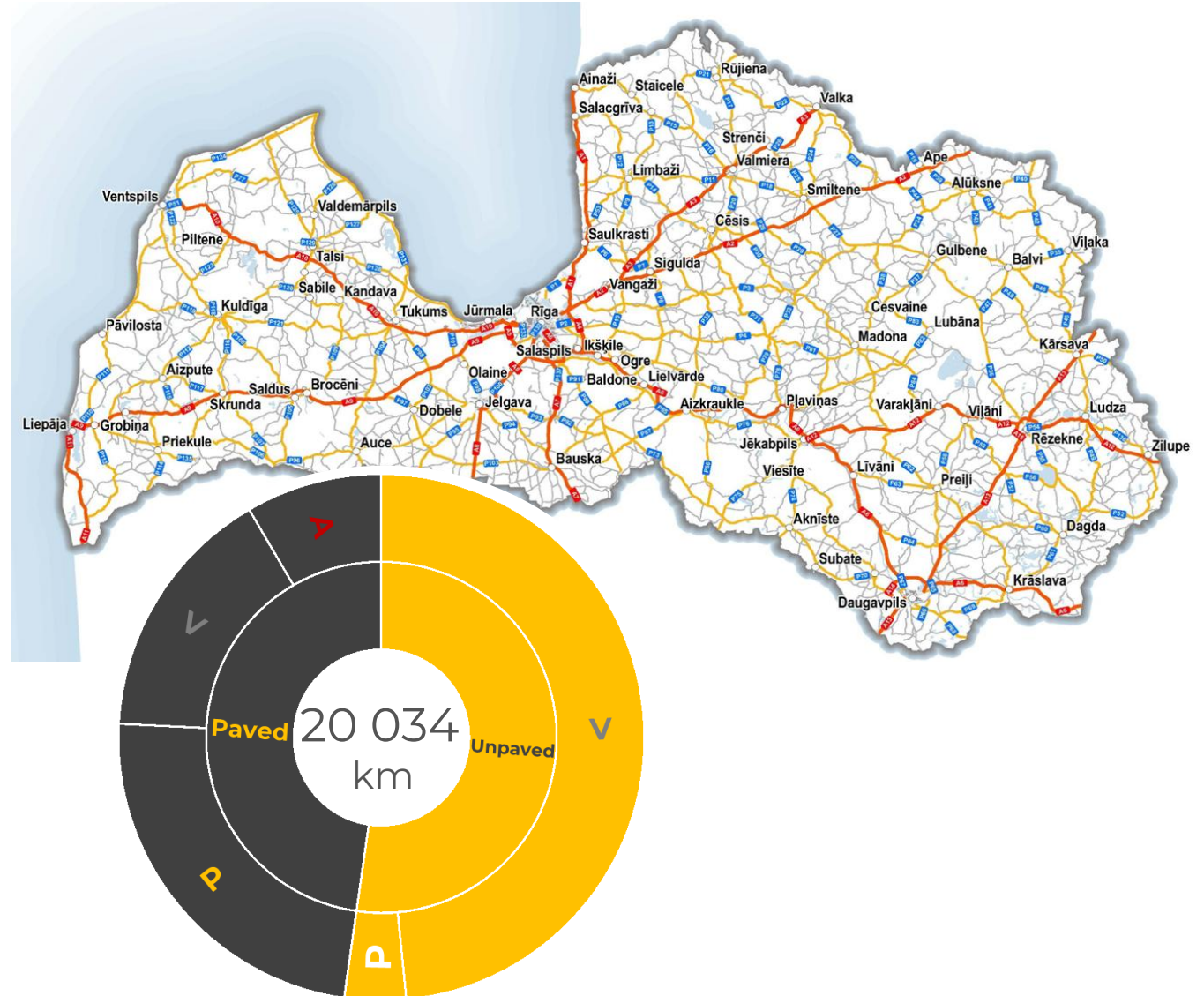
Latvian State Roads

OVERVIEW OF THE PRESENTATION

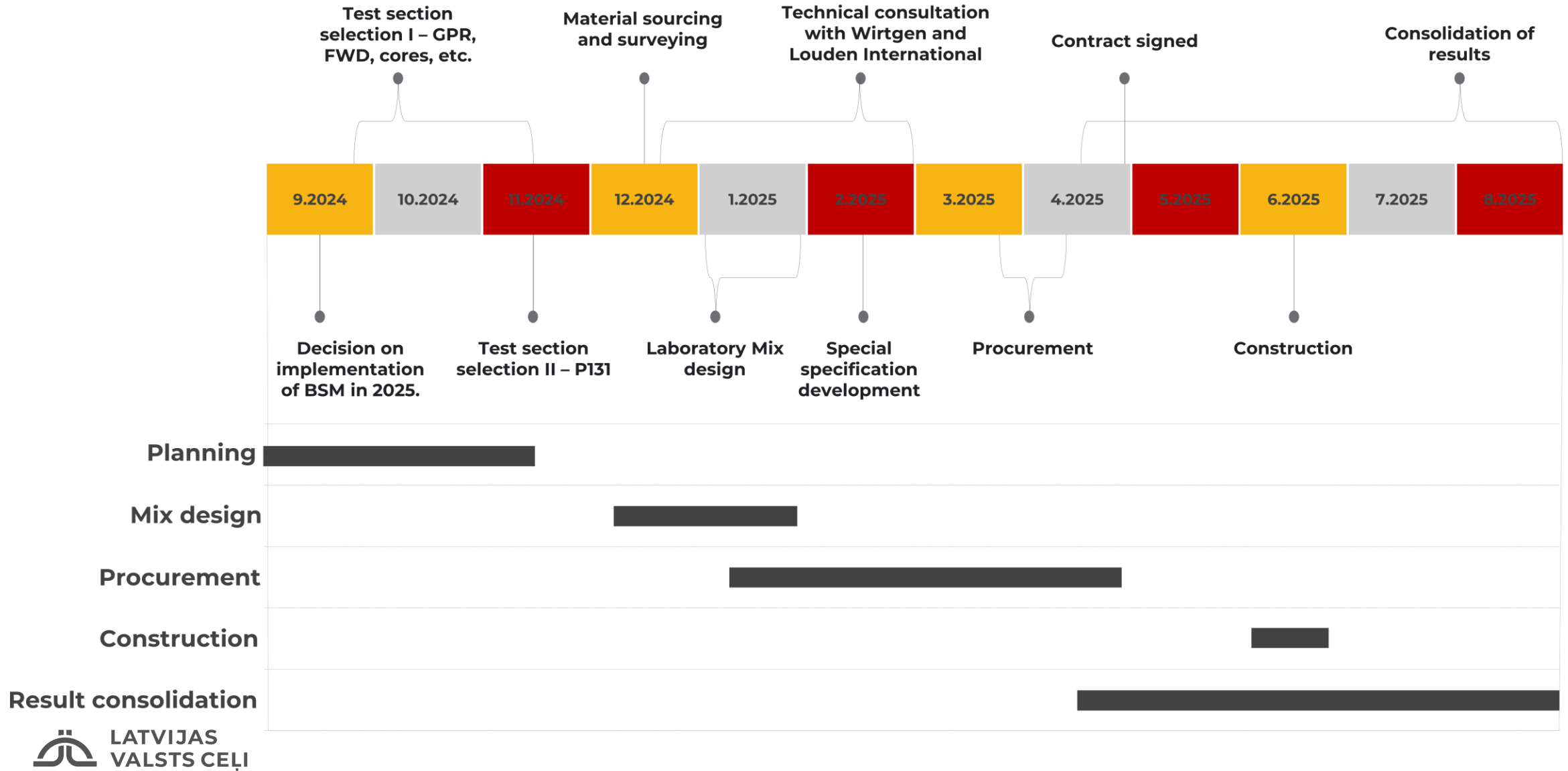
- 01 ABOUT LVC**
Background information about our company
- 02 PLANNING**
Planning process behind the project
- 03 MIX DESIGN**
Laboratory investigation and mix design
- 04 CONSTRUCTION**
Construction process and lessons learned
- 05 RESULTS**
Gathered data and comparison of costs and CO2
- 06 WHAT'S NEXT FOR BSM**
Possible next projects and future outlook

ABOUT LATVIAN STATE ROADS (LVC)

- State-owned LLC under the Ministry of Transport
- National road authority and policy implementer
- Manages state & EU-funded infrastructure programs
- Coordinates and procures planning, design, construction & maintenance
- Operates a road laboratory for quality control and research

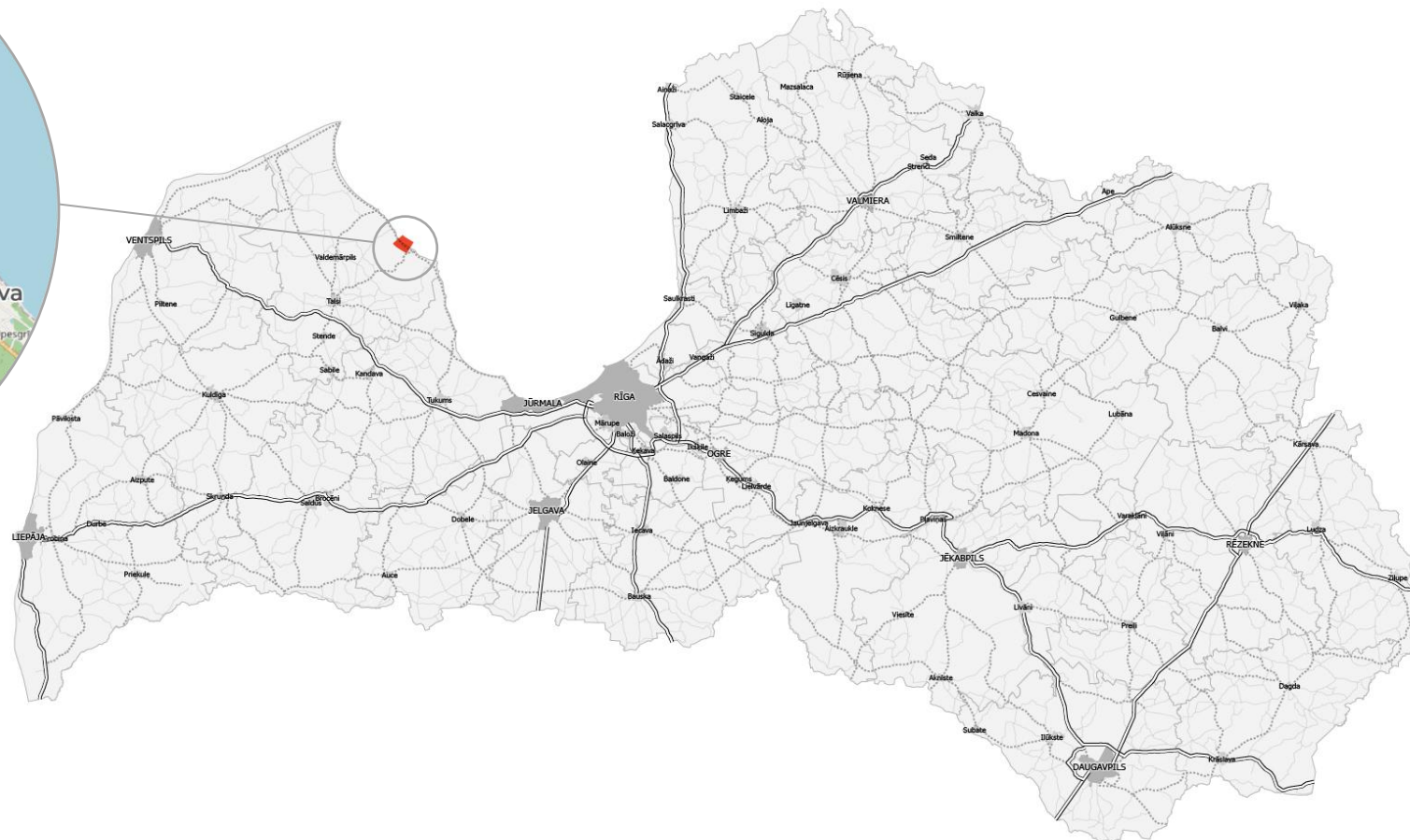


PROJECT DEVELOPMENT



PLANNING

TEST SECTION

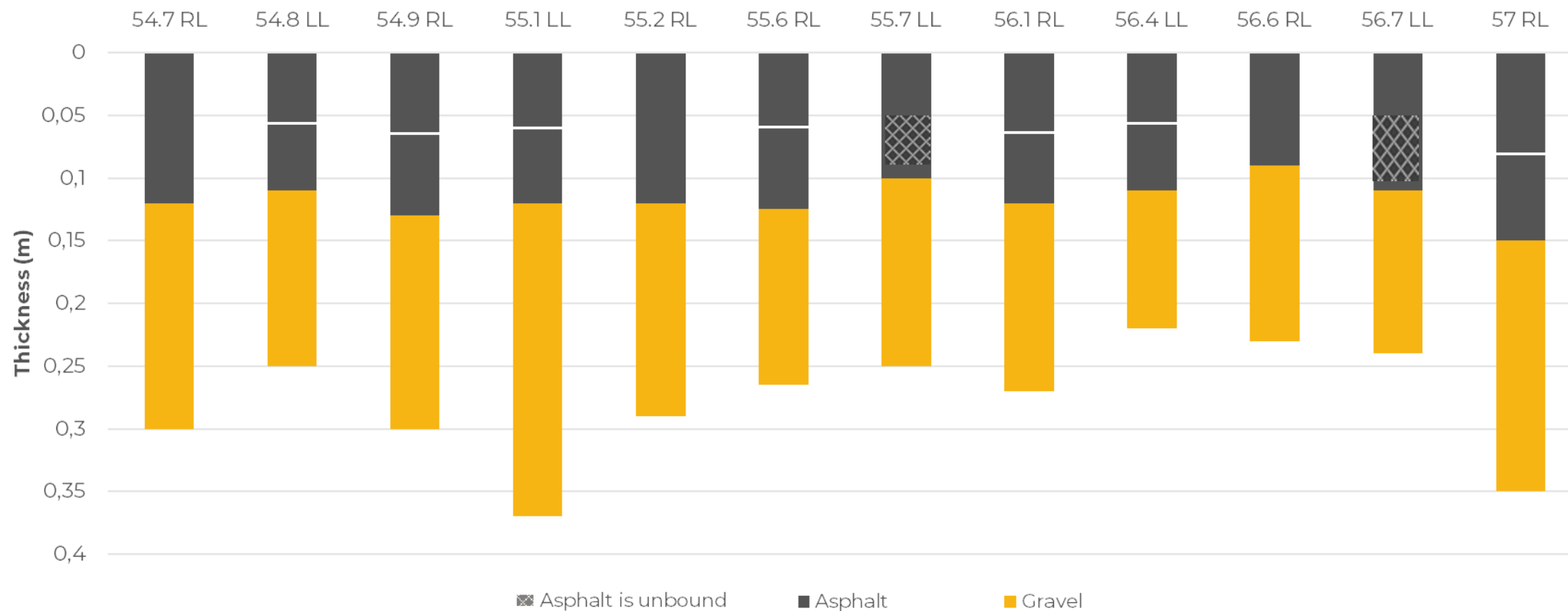


KEY PARAMETERS

- Regional road P131
- 3 km section (54.7 – 57.7 km)
- AADT – 855 (6% heavy traffic)
- ESALs – 0.23 million
- Average width – 6.50 m
- Decent subbase ~CBR 14
- Homogeneous structure



EXISTING PAVEMENT



MIX DESIGN

THE LAB PROCESS



Portioning



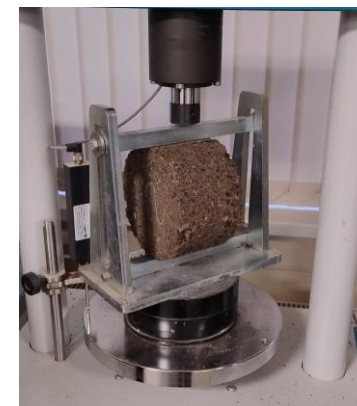
Mixing, adding
cement and
bitumen



Forming



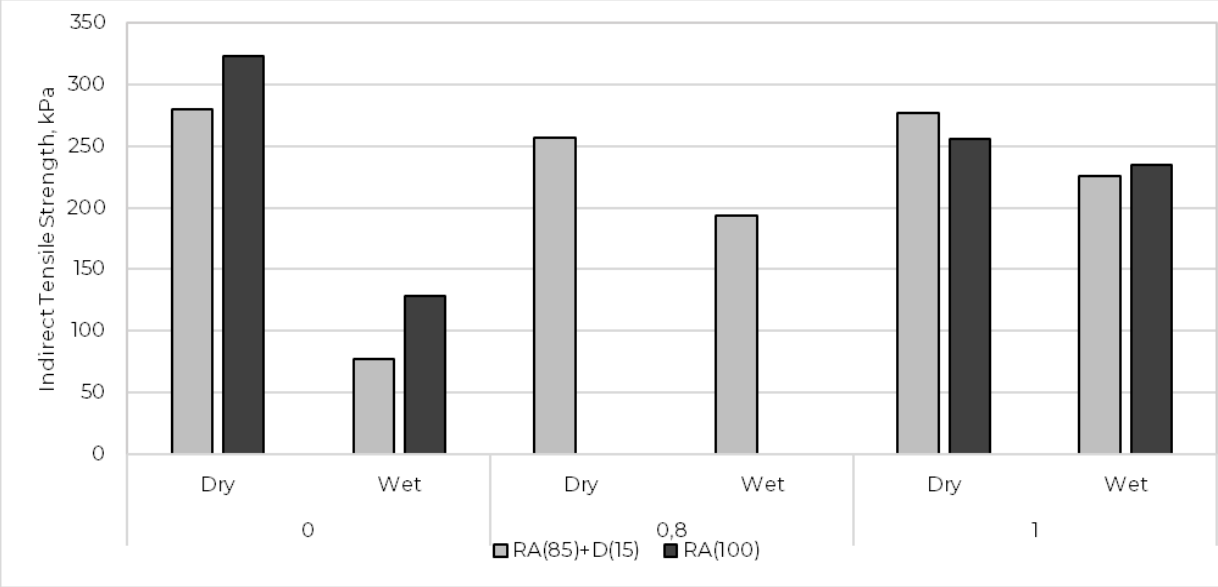
Prepared
samples



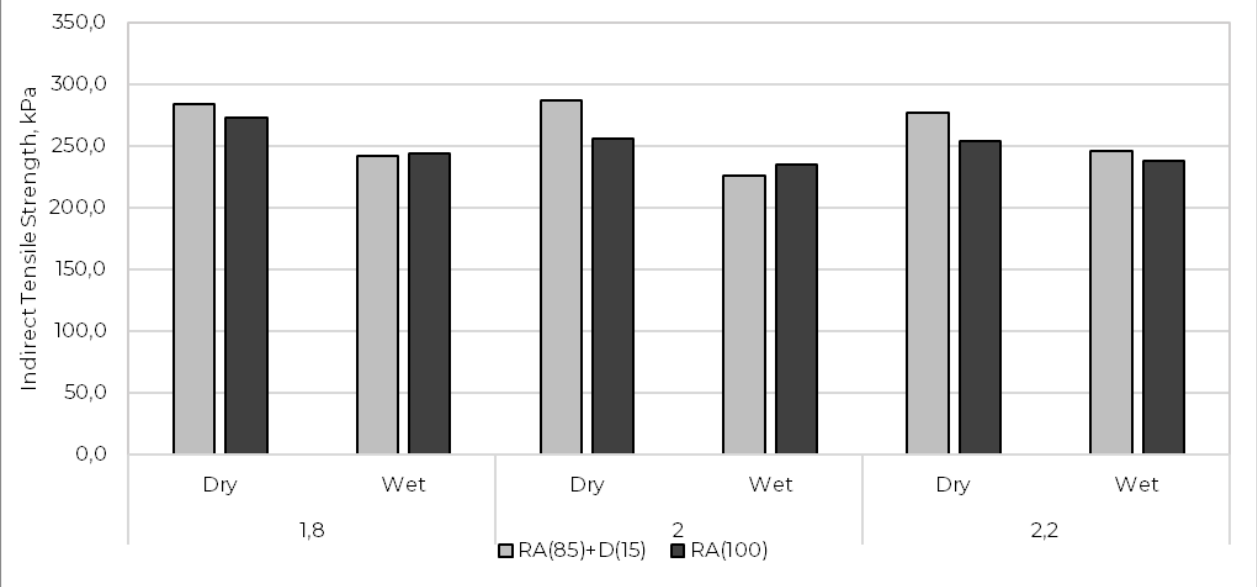
Testing

BINDER CONTENT

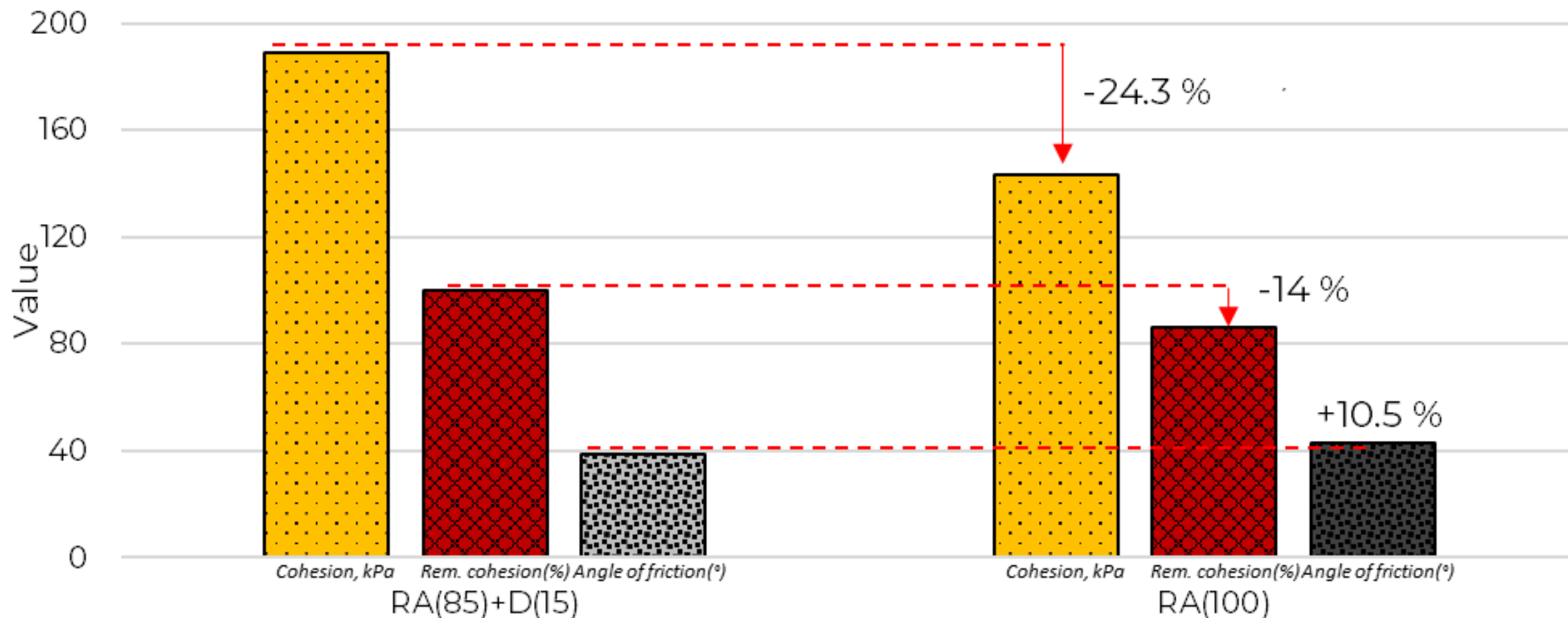
Cement – 1%



Bitumen – 1.8%

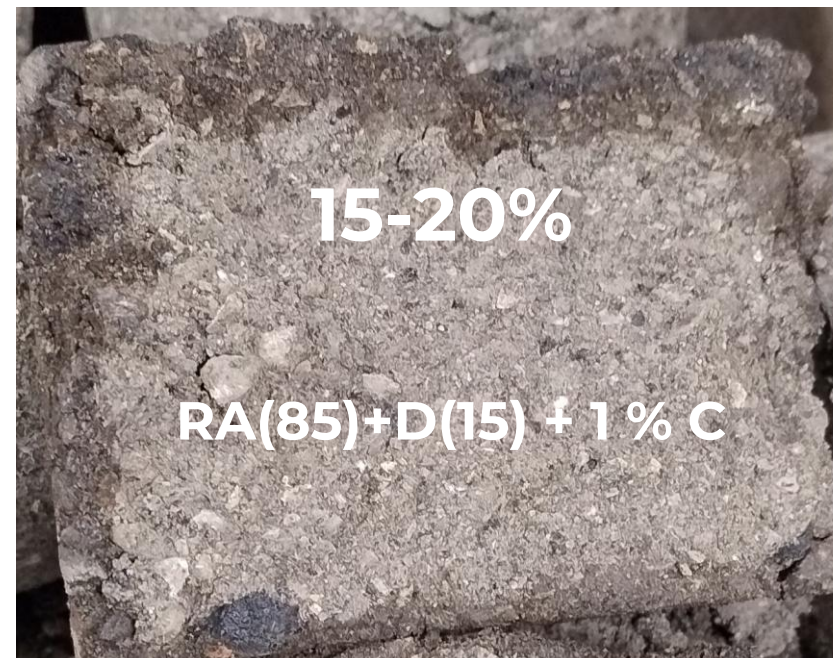
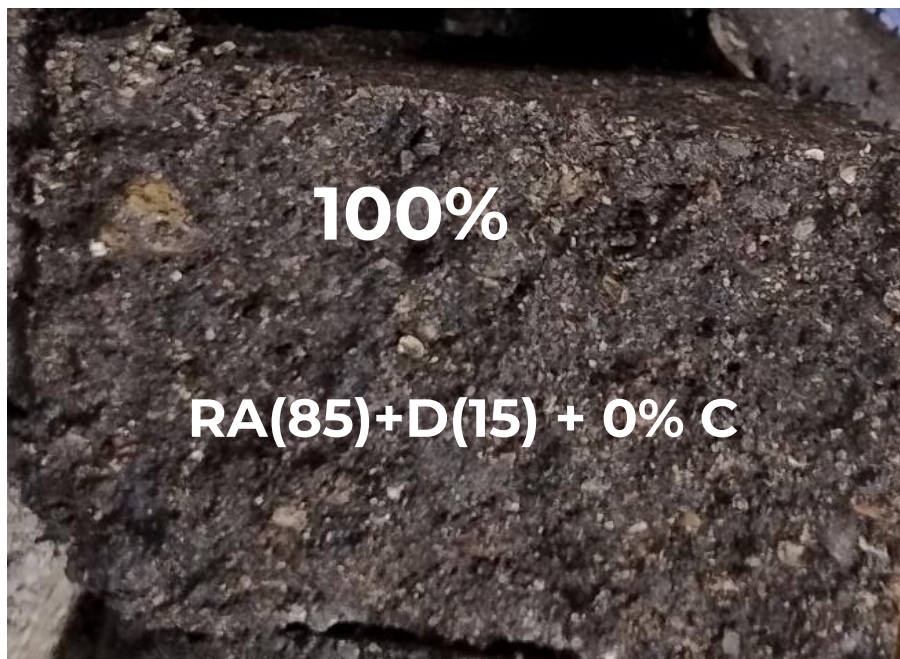


SHEAR PROPERTIES



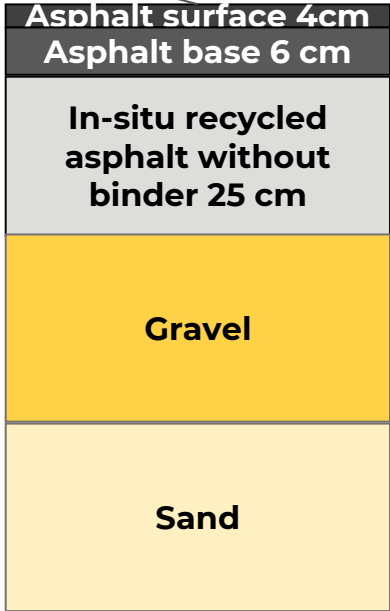
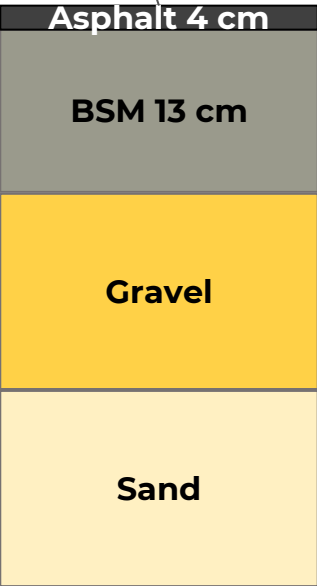
INFLUENCE OF CEMENT

Water penetration



CONSTRUCTION

TEST SECTION LAYOUT



THE SETUP



LESSONS FROM CONSTRUCTION CHALLENGES

Large chunks from milled asphalt



Cement spread too fast



LESSONS FROM CONSTRUCTION CHALLENGES

Recycled too deep into the shoulder



Insufficient drainage



LESSONS FROM CONSTRUCTION CHALLENGES

Inaccurate binder dosage



Cold bitumen clogging

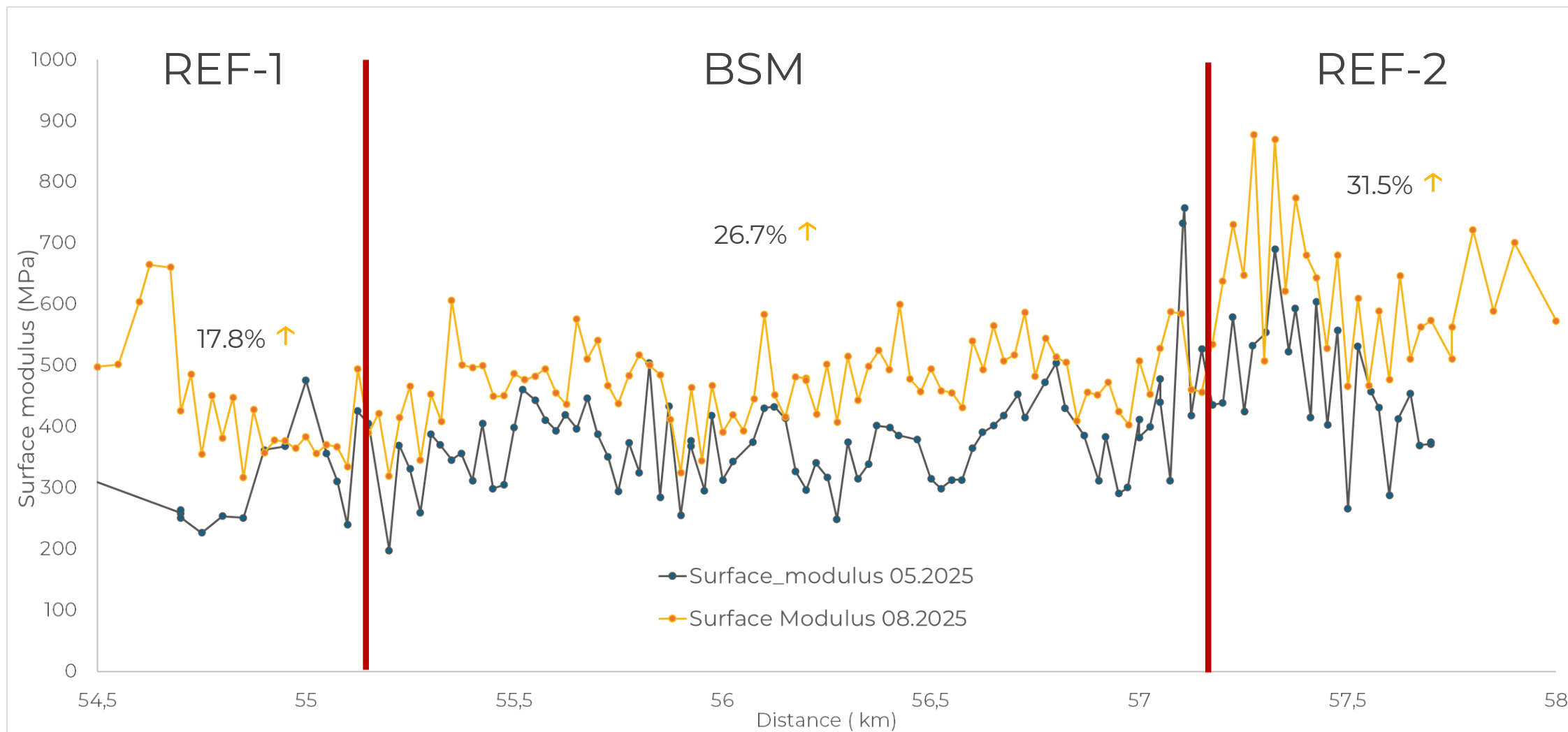


RESULTS

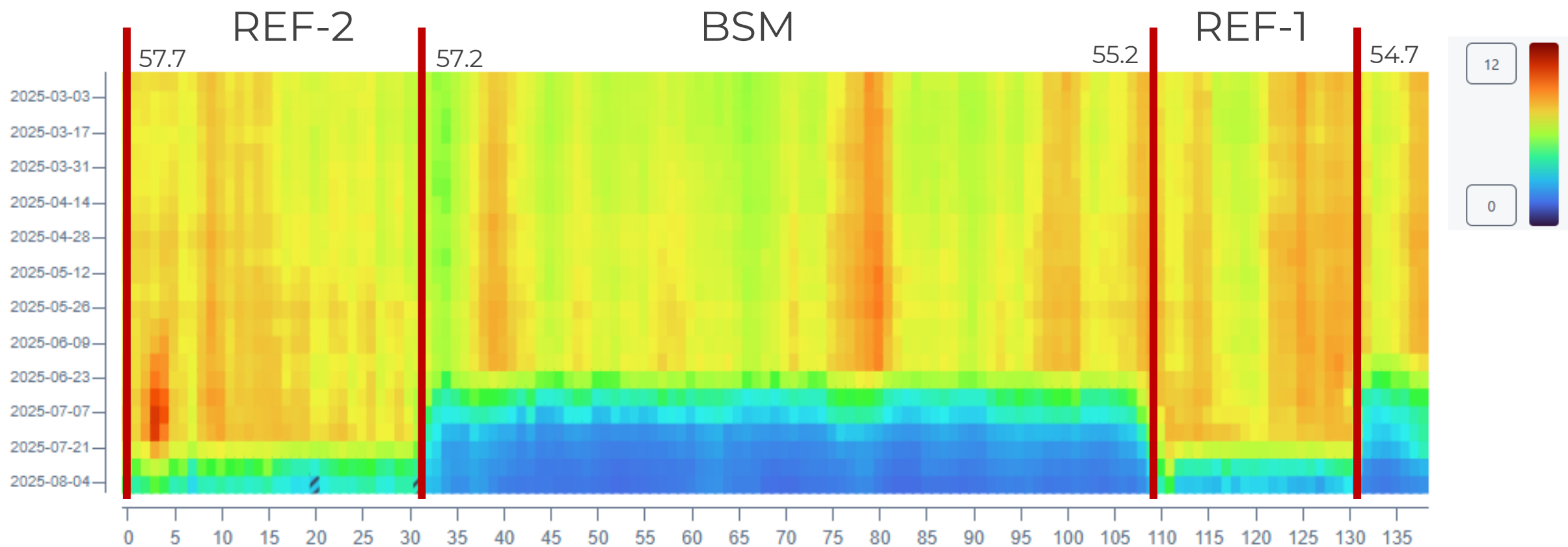
FINISHED OBJECT



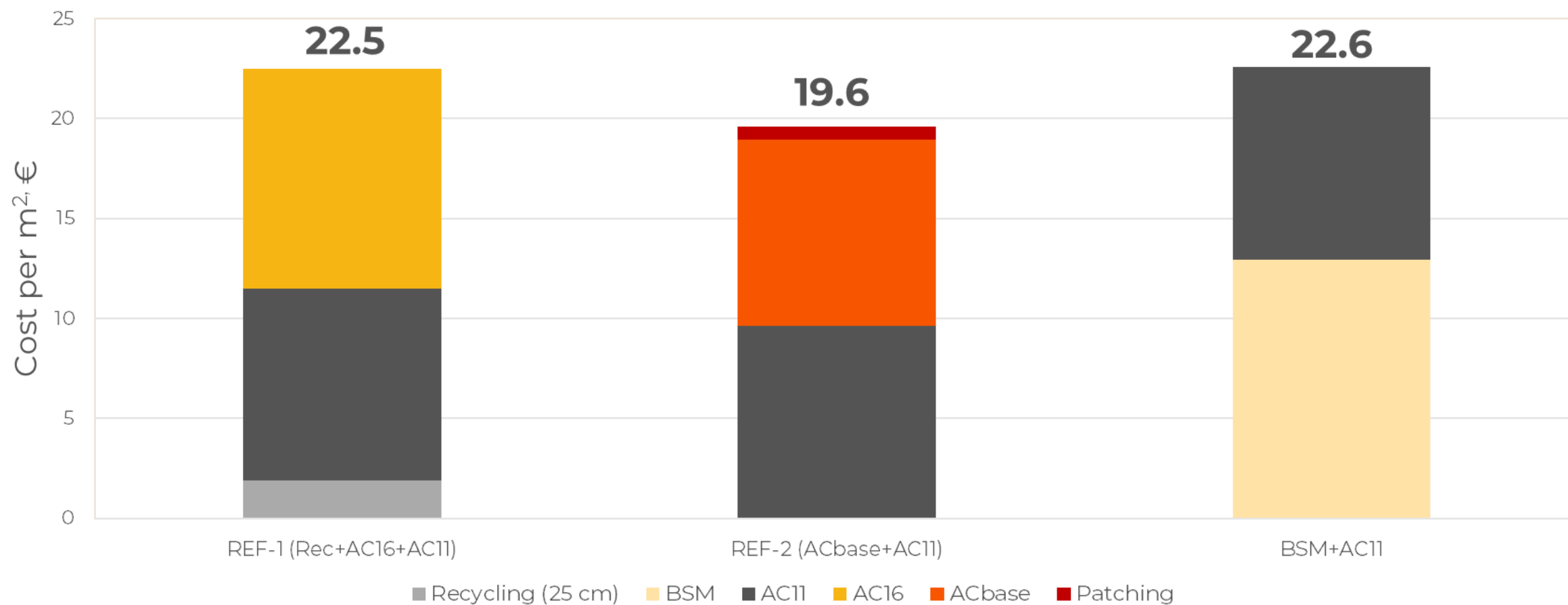
FWD RESULTS



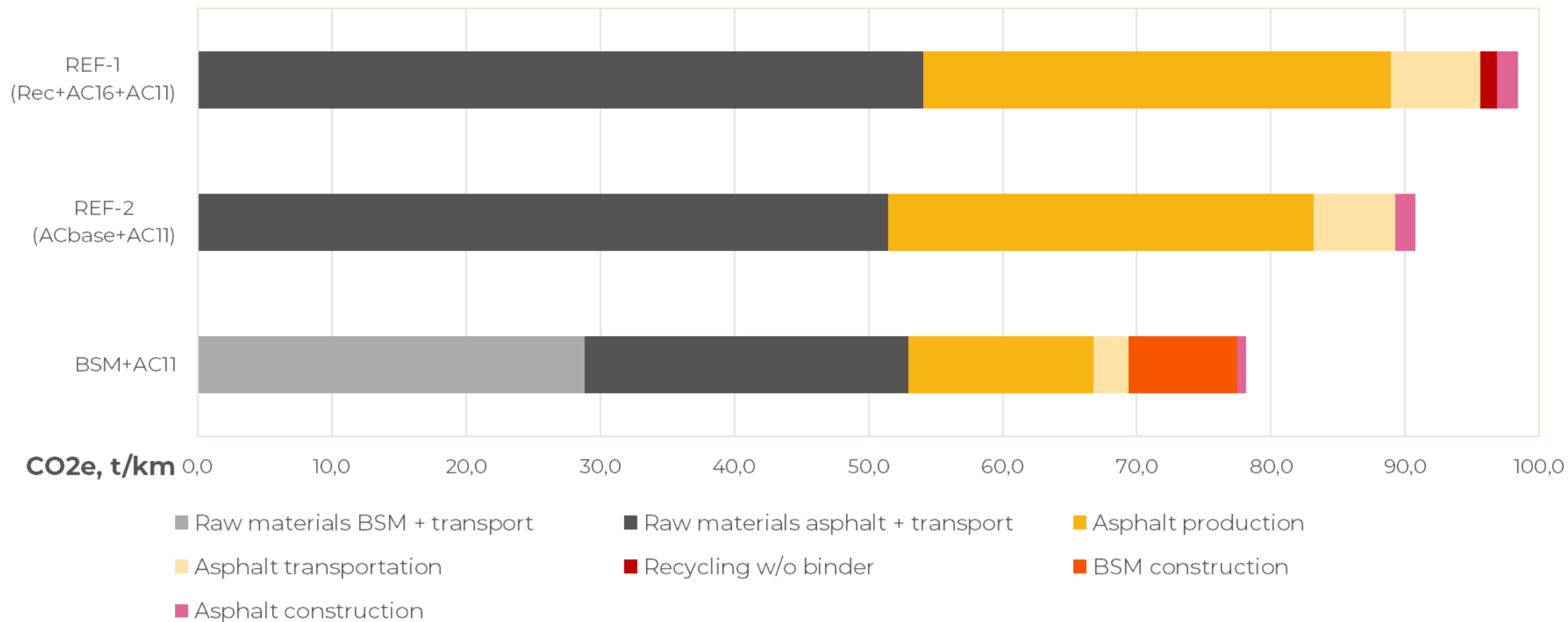
FCD RESULTS



COST COMPARISON



CO₂ COMPARISON



WHAT'S NEXT FOR BSM IN LATVIA?

FUTURE OUTLOOK



POTENTIAL PLANS FOR 2026

P113



P102



CONCLUSIONS

Successful execution

- Successful trial with proper laying, compaction, and achieved mechanical properties
- Clear communication between all parties is essential to avoid errors and ensure efficiency

Cost comparison

- BSM is economically competitive with conventional methods
- Offers added benefits through reduced asphalt thickness and lower material transport needs

Environmental Impact

- BSM shows the lowest greenhouse gas emissions among rehabilitation options
- Lower asphalt use and transport demands enhance long-term sustainability



FUTURE CONSIDERATIONS

- Mix design – keep in-house or hand to industry?
- Mobile plant or recycler – set selection criteria
- Pavement structure design – decide on approach
- BSM on gravel roads – assess feasibility
- Train industry on BSM technicalities
- Include BSM in life cycle planning – define parameters
- Absence of required specialized machinery locally





**LATVIJAS
VALSTS CEĻI**

janis.baumanis@lvceli.lv